Standard Operating Guideline

High Rise Fire

Scope: Sacramento Regional Fire Departments

Policy Contact
Sacramento Regional Operations Group

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Regulatory References
- Field Operations Guide (Chapter 20)

01. Guideline

Establish guidelines when operating at high rise fires

02. Definitions

2.1 High-Rise: Buildings seven floors and greater

2.2 Low-Rise: Buildings of four to six floors

2.3 Commercial: Buildings of one to three floors

2.4 Floor boss: A firefighter assigned to assist the Division with tracking crews, equipment, air supply, and movement on the Division floor.

2.5 Stairwell control: A firefighter assigned to manage access, conditions, and crew movement at the fire attack or evacuation stairwell.

2.6 Otis: Fire department personnel assigned to operate elevators in Fire Department/manual mode during high-rise operations.

2.7 High bank: A group of elevators serving the upper floors of a high-rise building.

2.8 Low bank: A group of elevators serving the lower floors of a high-rise building.

2.9 Freight elevator: An elevator designed primarily for freight, equipment, or building materials. Freight elevators may provide less fire protection than passenger elevators and should generally be avoided during fire operations.

2.10 Lobby/Systems: The lobby-based function responsible for building access, alarm panel information, building systems coordination, keys, elevators, stairwell identification, and single point of entry control.

2.11 RAT: Rapid Ascent Team; a truck company assigned to access, search, control, and report conditions in the fire attack or evacuation stairwell.

2.12 Evac Group: The functional group responsible for coordinating evacuation, stairwell movement, occupant relocation, and RAT operations.

2.13 Stairwell Pressurization: The controlled use of building systems or battery/electric blowers to improve stairwell tenability by limiting smoke movement into the stairwell.

03. Resources

3.1 Partial First Alarm Assignment

- 3- Engines
- 1- Truck
- 1- Battalion Chief

3.2 Full First Alarm Assignment

- 6- Engines
- 4- Trucks
- 3- Battalion Chief
- 1- Assistant Chief
- 2- Medics
- 1- EMS Officer

3.3 Additional Alarms

- Additional alarms mirror first alarm assignments with the addition of an air unit

4.0 Procedures:

4.0.1 Communications

Fire Dispatch will assign all high rise incidents the entire H Bank. Primary predesignated channels are: H4 command channel, H6 tactical operations channel, and H11 staging channel. If H Bank is already assigned F or G banks will be assigned.

4.1 First Engine-First Alarm

Provide initial size-up report and establish Lobby/Systems/Command; identify, secure, and announce single point of entry, and the fire attack and evacuation stairwells if possible; locate and connect to FDC; establish OTIS 1 & 2

4.1.1 Tool Assignment

- Elevator keys
- Four additional SCBA bottles (one in each elevator, remaining two to fire attack crew)
- Halligan
- Irons
- High-rise bag
- 2nd radio
- Cell phone

4.2 Second Engine-First Alarm

Take fire attack or investigate and confirm fire attack stairwell; lay supply line for the 1st due engine to the hydrant.

4.2.1 Tool Assignment

- High-rise bag
- Gated wye
- Three lengths 2 ½" hose, nozzle and 3" pigtail
- Halligan
- Keys
- TIC
- Cell phone

4.3 Third Engine-First Alarm

Assist with fire attack or investigation; establish sprinkler connection or support a combination system with additional connections

4.3.1 Tool assignment

- High-rise bag
- Gated wye
- 2 lengths 2 ½" hose, nozzle and 3" pig-tail
- Four air bottles
- Halligan
- Keys
- TIC
- Cell phone

4.3.2 Additional Considerations

- Equipment should be placed outside fire attack stairwell one floor below fire

4.4 Fourth Engine-First Alarm

Establish Division one floor below the fire. Firefighters should establish Stairwell Control and Floor Boss to assist Division Supervisor. Engineer will lay a supply line for the third-due engine to the hydrant

4.4.1 Tool Assignment

- High-rise bag
- Gated wye
- Two lengths of 2 ½" hose, nozzle and 3" pig-tail
- Four air bottles
- Halligan
- Keys
- 2nd radio
- TIC
- Cell phone

4.4.2 Additional Considerations

- Once relieved of Division Supervisor by 2nd arriving Battalion Chief, Captain will remain as Division Aide.
- Firefighters will remain in Stairwell Control and Floor Boss positions (If staffed with a three person company prioritize Stairwell Control)
- Secure water supply from a different grid than that of second due engine
- Equipment should be placed outside fire attack stairwell one floor below fire

4.5 Fifth Engine-First Alarm

Assist with primary fire attack line

4.5.1 Tool Assignment

- High-rise bag
- Gated wye
- Two lengths of 2 ½" with nozzle and 3" pig tail
- Four air bottles
- Halligan
- Keys
- TIC
- Cell phone

4.5.2 Additional Considerations

- Engineer parks apparatus at single point of entry
- Engineer reports to Lobby and establishes OTIS 3 as needed
- Equipment should be placed outside fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire

4.6 Sixth Engine-First Alarm

Assist with primary fire attack line

4.6.1 Tool Assignment

- High-rise bag
- Gated wye
- Two lengths of 2 ½" with nozzle and 3" pig tail
- Four air bottles
- Halligan
- Keys
- TIC
- Cell phone

4.6.2 Additional Considerations

- Equipment should be placed outside fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire

4.7 First Truck-First Alarm

Spot truck appropriately and announce location; assist with fire attack or investigation; determine and announce staging location two floors below the fire

4.7.1 Tool Assignment

Tool needs determined by building construction/obstructions; may include a combination of the following:

- Z-hook(s)
- Search bag
- Irons
- Hydra-ram
- TIC's
- Water can
- Keys

4.8 Second Truck-First Alarm

Spot truck appropriately and announce location; assist operations on fire floor (fire attack and/or investigation)

4.8.1 Tool Assignment

Tool needs determined by building construction/obstructions; may include a combination of the following:

- Z-hook(s)
- Search bag
- RIC Pack (staged on Division floor)
- Six SCBA bottles
- Irons
- Hydra-ram
- Battery/Electric Blower
- TIC
- Water can
- Keys

4.8.2 Additional Considerations

- Deliver battery/electric blower to the lobby; for non-pressurized stairwells, initiate pressurization of the fire attack stairwell
- First and Second Truck search for fire on the fire floor in different directions

4.9 Third Truck First Alarm

Establish RAT 1

4.9.1 Tool assignment

- Search bag
- Irons
- Hydra-ram
- Battery/Electric Blower
- TIC's
- Six SCBA bottles
- CO monitor

4.9.2 Additional Considerations

- Park away from building
- RAT 1 & 2 report to Evacuation Group (third arriving BC)
- For fires above the sixth floor OTIS 1 and II should be used until RAT operations are complete
- RAT 1 should be transported a minimum of three floors below the reported fire
- Place battery/electric blower in the fire attack stairwell doorway three floors below the fire floor. Initiate pressurization of the fire attack stairwell
- Use fire attack stairwell to access top of stairwell

- When conditions allow, cache equipment one floor above the fire floor, outside the fire attack stairwell
- Ensure stairwell doors are kept shut and locking mechanism disabled
- Escort civilians out of attack stairwell and relocate them to a safe area; notify Evacuation Group Supervisor of location
- Tactical priority is stairwell pressurization, not ventilation
- Maintain control of the fire attack stairwell until relieved or reassigned by Evacuation Group Supervisor

4.10 Fourth Truck-First Alarm

Spot truck appropriately and announce location; assist operations on fire floor (fire attack)

4.10.1 Tool Assignment

- Z-hook(s)
- Search bag
- Irons
- Hydra-ram
- Battery/Electric Blower
- TIC's
- Water can
- Keys
- Six SCBA bottles

4.10.2 Additional Considerations

- Deliver battery/electric blower to the evacuation stairwell ground floor; initiate pressurization when needed
- Equipment should be placed outside fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire

4.11 First Battalion Chief-First Alarm

Establish and/or assume Command

4.11.1 Additional Considerations

- ICP should be located a safe distance from the building and not blocking apparatus placement. Position command vehicles with rear compartments facing each other.
- If appropriate, request second alarm assignment and identify location for apparatus parking
- If appropriate, implement the communications plan
- Prepare for a third alarm, establish incident Base
- Use Chapter 20 of the Field Operations Guide as a template

4.12 Second Battalion Chief-First Alarm

Assume Division Supervisor from the fourth due engine captain on the fire floor

4.12.1 Additional Considerations

- Confirm assigned resources and tactical channels
- Announce assumption of Division Supervisor once on the fire floor

4.13 Third Battalion Chief-First Alarm

Establish Evacuation Group Supervisor at the ICP

4.13.1 Additional Considerations

- Confirm assigned resources and tactical channels
- RAT I and II report to Evacuation Group Supervisor

4.14 First Ambulance-First Alarm

Park away from the incident and report to the lobby with all necessary medical equipment and establish Medical Group Supervisor until relieved

4.14.1 Additional Considerations

- The Medical Group Supervisor scales medical operations to the incident, in alignment with the MCI/IMCI RSOG and the SCEMSA MCI Plan
- Request additional resources as needed

4.15 Second Ambulance-First Alarm

Park away from incident and report to the Medical Group Supervisor

4.16 EMS Officer

Report to the lobby and establish/assume Medical Group Supervisor

4.17 Second Alarm Assignment

The entire second-alarm assignment reports to staging a minimum of two floors below the fire. Predesignated staging channel on H11.

4.17.1 First Engine-Second Alarm

Establishes Staging Area Manager at staging area

(Tool Assignment)

- 4- SCBA bottles
- Electronic accountability tracking system
- Caution tape
- High rise bag
- EMS equipment
- 2nd radio

4.17.2 Remaining Engines-Second Alarm (Tool Assignment)

- 100' of 2 ½" hose
- 4- SCBA bottles

4.17.3 First Truck-Second Alarm

Establish RAT 2

(Tool assignment)

- Search bag
- Irons
- Hydra-ram
- Battery/Electric Blower
- TIC's
- Six SCBA bottles
- CO monitor

Additional Considerations

- Staging Area Manager provides RAT II with tactical channel
- Reports to Evacuation Group
- Place battery/electric blower in the evacuation stairwell doorway three floors below the fire floor. Initiate pressurization.
- Should be transported a minimum of three floors below the reported fire floor
- Use the evacuation stairwell to access the top of the stairwell
- Cache equipment one floor above nearest smoke free floor above the fire outside of the evacuation stairwell
- Initiate a search of the evacuation stairwell, ensure stairwell doors are kept closed as much as practical, and locking mechanism is disabled
- Direct civilians down the evacuation stairwell to a safe area; notify Evacuation Group Supervisor of any persons needing to be sheltered in place and their location
- Tactical priority is stairwell pressurization, not ventilation
- Maintain control of the evacuation stairwell until relieved/ reassigned by Evacuation Group Supervisor

4.17.4 Second Truck-Second Alarm

Establish RIC one floor below fire. Coordinate with the Division Supervisor to gather situational awareness.

Tool Assignment

- Search bag
- TIC

- Hydra-ram
- Battery/Electric Blower
- Irons
- Box light
- RIC pack
- Circular saw
- Six SCBA bottles

4.17.5 Third Truck-Second Alarm

Deliver battery/electric blower to the base of the evacuation stairwell. Use salvage equipment to protect the elevators on the fire floor, coordinated with Division

Tool Assignment

- Search bag
- TIC
- Hydra-ram
- Battery/Electric Blower to the base of evacuation stairwell
- Irons
- Six SCBA bottles
- Salvage covers
- RIC pack

4.17.6 Fourth Truck-Second Alarm

Report to staging

Tool Assignment

- Search bag
- TIC
- Hydra-ram
- Irons
- Six SCBA bottles
- Salvage covers

4.18 Third Alarm Assignment

Establish Base

4.18.1 Additional Considerations

- Assign additional Tac channel for Base due to the separation of "Staging" and "Base" in a high rise operation
- The first engine dispatched on the third alarm conducts roll call on Base channel and establishes Base at the location designated by Command

- The entire third alarm assignment positions apparatus in same Command-designated location as that of the Second Alarm
- Captain and FF 1 reports to Command Post, engineer and FF 2 manage Base.

4.19 Battalion Chief Assignments through 3rd Alarm

- 1st Battalion Chief-Incident Commander
- 2nd Battalion Chief-Fire Floor Division Supervisor
- 3rd Battalion Chief-Evacuation Group Supervisor
- 4th Battalion Chief-Resource Unit Leader (in staging area)
- 5th Battalion Chief- Aide to Division or an additional Division
- 1st Assistant Chief-assumes Incident Commander, initial IC assumes operations

4.19.1 Additional Considerations

- Additional Battalion Chiefs will be assigned as needed. Consider Logistics for Lobby/Systems/Base, Safety Officer, aide to operations, RIC group supervisor, etc

5.0 Overview:

5.1 Lobby/Systems

- Locate building security and/or engineer to assist with stairwell locations and system operations
- Fifth arriving engineer to turn on scene lights to mark single point of entry
- Once comm plan establish lobby will have designated tac channel

5.2 OTIS

- Elevator use is authorized for fires above the sixth floor
- Utilize High Bank elevators if needed
- OTIS 1 and 2 are filled by back-up and nozzle firefighters from the first due engine
- 5th and 6th in engineers report to Lobby and establish OTIS 3 and OTIS 4 as needed
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- OTIS personnel should have a Halligan, SCBA, portable radio, and one extra SCBA bottle
- All elevators should be recalled to ground floor, switched to Phase II (Manual Mode), and operated only by fire department personnel
- All members shall be equipped with an SCBA
- Any amount of water/smoke noted in the elevator shaft is cause for immediate exit and cessation of elevator operations

- Immediately exit and cease operation if the elevator's fire service light starts flashing
- Do not overload elevators
- Elevator operator shall stop every five floors, confirming that elevator is still under fire department control and that elevator shaft remains clear of water/smoke
- Elevator operator shall have crews exit a minimum of two floors below reported fire floor

5.3 Fire Attack

5.3.1 General

- Priority of 1st alarm engines is to get one attack line in place
- Initial attack line should be 200' minimum
- Additional Fire Attack Divisions co-locate on same floor as initial Division
- Check layout of floor below fire
- Crews should mask up on the floor below the fire
- Notify Stairwell Control prior to entering IDLH
- All firefighter radios should be turned down while on the floor below the fire unless directly involved in communications
- When possible, gear should be centrally cached at a location some distance from the Division Group Supervisor
- Crews shall limit conversation while "on deck" and keep some distance from the Division Group Supervisor
- Division will consider replacement around 10-12 minutes following 1/3 rule of air management.
- All first alarm crews should work through 2- SCBA bottles before entering rehab

5.3.2 Engine

- Consider delaying Fire Attack until stairwell above the fire is empty
- Label attack lines at fire door entry
- Fifth and Sixth arriving engines will assist with Fire Attack as needed

5.3.3 Truck

- Post company identifiers on LAS at entry point and remove upon exit
- Companies should confirm they are on correct line before entering IDLH
- Do not split crews on a search rope
- First priority should be to locate the seat of the fire (relay to engine company) then search from the fire out
- Avoid extending LAS lines

5.4 RAT/Stairwell Pressurization

- Ensure doors are closed; do not chock doors open
- Outside atmospheric conditions have significant effects on interior ventilation
- RAT 1 and RAT 2 coordinate floor searches with each other
- Upper floors must be cleared before ventilation when windows do not open
- Clear stairwell while ascending to top floor and then descend back to floor above fire, work back to top, floor by floor
- Report conditions on floor above fire and top floor
- Continuously monitor CO in the stairwell

5.5 RIC

- Check in with Staging by radio when assuming RIC
- Establish communications with RIC Group Supervisor
- RIC Group Supervisor should notify Division Group Supervisor once assembled and deployable

5.6 Staging

- Keep engine, truck, and rehab equipment separate
- Turn individual crew member radios down
- Confirm radio channel(s) prior to deploying to assignment
- 4th arriving BC will establish Resource Unit Leader in Staging
- 1st engine on the 2nd alarm will remain Staging Area Manager

5.7 Pumping Operations

- On confirmed fires consider parking across the street as protection against falling debris
- If 3" hose line lays will exceed 300', consider using two 50' sections of 3" from the FDC to a manifold, then use a LDH to connect to the engine's LDH discharge
- Most modern high-rise buildings have combination FDC's
- Older buildings may have stairwell specific FDCs; it is imperative the engineer listen to which stairwell is to be used for fire attack and connect to the appropriate FDC
- The engine at the hydrant should be in "RPM" mode and the engine at the FDC should be in "Pressure" mode

5.8 Division

5.8.1 Captain-Fourth Engine

- Captain stays with Division to assist once relieved by chief officer
- Keep crew together, firefighters become Stairwell Control and Floor Boss
- Obtain crew entry list with entry times and gather PAR
- Keep equipment cache away from immediate Division working area

5.8.2 Division Chief

- Monitor fire attack and command channels
- Call crews out of staging and onto floor early, consider a 10-12 minute replacement cycle for crews
- Request additional chief to assist as soon as possible

5.9 Command

- Balance to a full high-rise assignment if there is any indication there is something other than a false alarm
- Strike a second alarm for multiple floors with smoke detector activation
- Strike a third alarm with smoke and/or fire present
- Small working high rise fires require three alarms
- Large high-rise fires and/or extended operations require five alarms
- Activate a communications plan with a second alarm request
- Request a dedicated dispatcher to monitor command channel
- ICP should be at least 200' from fire building; consider locating ICP in an adjacent lobby
- Utilize RAT to recon fire spread
- Consider CERT to assist with ICP support
- Utilize law enforcement to develop traffic plans/pedestrian safety areas
- Identify and request logistics needs early, i.e. blower support, SCBA bottles, rehab, and fuel trucks
- IC to monitor only two channels

Lobby & Systems Checklist

(1st Arriving Engine, First Alarm)

Priorities:

- Give Size Up (balance alarm as needed; request 2nd Alarm, if appropriate).
- Establish Incident Command (1st due BC will assume Command upon arrival). Engineer to drop crew off at "single point of entry" and proceed to the FDC and hook to the standpipe/sprinkler system.
- Identify, voice, and control the **Single Point of Entry**.
- Locate the alarm panel and broadcast a CAN Report to incoming companies.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Elevator/Knox keys, 4 SCBA bottles (one in each elevator, remaining two to the fire attack crew), Iron Package, 2nd Halligan (OTIS 2), High Rise Bag, Cell Phone, 2nd radio.
2) ___ Identify the single point of entry; make contact with Security/Building Representative if possible.
3) ___ Access the alarm panel and voice the CAN Report.
4) ___ Establish "OTIS 1" and "OTIS 2" (if appropriate).
5) ___ Identify the "Fire Attack" stairwell (open stairwell for attack crews and control the access point, if appropriate).
6) ___ Identify the "Evacuation" stairwell.
7) ___ Assign building keys as appropriate to incoming companies.
8) ___ Ensure battery/electric blowers in the lobby and stairwells are in position and running; request batteries as needed. Coordinate ventilation with RAT.
9) ___ Once the communications plan is established, confirm the designated Lobby/Systems Tac channel.

OTIS Checklist

(Elevator Operations, All Alarms)

Priorities:

- All operation of elevators during an incident will be performed only by fire personnel familiar with Manual Operation (Phase 1 & 2), along with a full understanding of elevator operations.
- At no time shall fire personnel utilize elevators unless they are in Manual/Fire Department Mode. **Freight elevators will be avoided.** High Bank elevators may be utilized when needed to reach the upper floors.
- Elevator use is authorized for fires above the sixth floor. Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.
- Secure a separate TAC channel for OTIS once the comms plan is in place.

Check List:

1) ___ OTIS tool compliment: Halligan, SCBA, portable radio, and one extra SCBA bottle. All members shall be equipped with an SCBA.
2) ___ OTIS 1 and OTIS 2 are filled by the back-up and nozzle firefighters from the first due engine. The 5th and 6th-in engineers report to Lobby and establish OTIS 3 and OTIS 4 as needed.
3) ___ Recall all elevators to the ground floor using building elevator keys, "Phase 1."
4) ___ Each OTIS operator takes control of an elevator car with the elevator key and places it in Manual mode, "Phase 2."
5) ___ Test the elevator doors to confirm "Phase 2" is working properly and visually check the shaft to confirm it is free of smoke and water. **Any amount of water or smoke in the shaft, or any blinking light** related to Phase 2 / fire service operation, is cause for **immediate** exit and cessation of elevator operations at the nearest floor.
6) ___ **One company at a time** will be transported in each elevator; occupancy must be based on the ability of all personnel to don SCBA or self-rescue. **Do not overload the elevator.**
7) ___ Stop and check at (5) floor intervals for smoke/water in the shaft and to confirm the car remains under fire department control.
8) ___ Unload crews a minimum of 2 floors below the reported fire floor.

2nd Arriving Engine, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Engineer to drop crew off at "single point of entry" and lay a supply line to the hydrant for the first due engine at the standpipe/sprinkler connection.
- Captain to establish Fire Attack/Investigation mode and confirm the fire attack stairwell.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Cell Phone, High Rise Bag, Gated Wye, 3 lengths 2 ½" with pigtail and nozzle, Halligan, TIC.
2) ___ Captain will confirm the Fire Attack stairwell via portable radio.
3) ___ Backup F/F to make the standpipe connection on the floor below the fire.
4) ___ Nozzle F/F to lay out hose and make connections on the floor below the fire. Initial attack line should be 200' minimum.
5) ___ Set water pressure while flowing the nozzle wide open. Label the attack line at the fire door entry.
6) ___ Mask up on the floor below the fire; turn individual radios down unless directly involved in communications.
7) ___ Notify **Stairwell Control**, or Command if Stairwell Control is not yet established, prior to entering the IDLH.
8) ___ Conserve air supply and begin Fire Attack as soon as adequate personnel are in place. Consider delaying Fire Attack until the stairwell above the fire is empty.

3rd Arriving Engine, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Engineer to drop crew off at "single point of entry" and establish the sprinkler connection, or support a combination system with additional connections.
- Captain to assist the 2nd arriving Engine with Fire Attack/Investigation.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Cell Phone, High Rise Bag, Gated Wye, 2 lengths 2 ½" with pigtail and nozzle, 4 air bottles, Halligan, TIC.
2) ___ All equipment brought up by the company to be staged outside the fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire.
3) ___ Assist the first Fire Attack Engine Company with stretching the attack line.
4) ___ Mask up on the floor below the fire; notify **Stairwell Control**, or Command if Stairwell Control is not yet established, prior to entering the IDLH.
5) ___ Conserve air supply and begin Fire Attack as soon as adequate personnel are in place.

4th Arriving Engine, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Engineer to drop crew off at "single point of entry" and lay a supply line to the hydrant for the third arriving engine. Secure water supply from a different grid than that of the second due engine.
- Captain to establish Division one floor below the fire and assume **Division Supervisor** (see Division Supervisor Checklist) until relieved by the 2nd arriving Battalion Chief.
- **Keep the crew together.** Firefighters will establish and remain in **Stairwell Control** and **Floor Boss** positions to assist the Division Supervisor.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Cell Phone, High Rise Bag, Gated Wye, 2 lengths 2 ½" with pigtail and nozzle, 4 air bottles, Halligan, TIC, 2nd radio.
2) ___ All equipment brought up by the company to be staged outside the fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire.
3) ___ Assign one firefighter as **Stairwell Control** — manage access, conditions, and crew movement at the fire attack or evacuation stairwell.
4) ___ Assign one firefighter as **Floor Boss** — assist Division with tracking crews, equipment, air supply, and movement on the Division floor.
5) ___ Establish Division one floor below the fire and voice assumption of **Division Supervisor**.
6) ___ Keep the equipment cache away from the immediate Division working area.
7) ___ Once relieved by the 2nd arriving Battalion Chief, the Captain remains as Division Aide; firefighters remain in Stairwell Control and Floor Boss positions.

Division Supervisor Checklist

(4th Due Engine Officer)

Priorities:

- Priority is to maintain accountability and track all companies working within the Division.
- Manage incident objectives until relieved by the 2nd arriving Battalion Chief; then remain as Division Aide.
- **Keep the crew together** — firefighters serve as Stairwell Control and Floor Boss, not as a fire attack crew.
- Continually update Command with conditions and resource needs. **All resources requested through IC/Operations on the Command Channel.**

Check List:

1) ___ Locate **Division** one floor below the fire floor (if possible) in an area giving the best ability to track companies. **Assume Division Supervisor** by voicing on the radio and confirming crews acknowledge.
2) ___ Assign **Stairwell Control** — a firefighter to manage access, conditions, and crew movement at the fire attack or evacuation stairwell. All crews notify Stairwell Control prior to entering the IDLH.
3) ___ Assign **Floor Boss** — a firefighter to assist Division with tracking crews, equipment, air supply, and movement on the Division floor.
4) ___ Obtain the crew entry list with entry times, track all companies moving between Fire Attack/Staging/etc., and gather PAR.
5) ___ Track times of all companies operating within the IDLH. Consider crew replacement at 10–12 minutes, following the 1/3 rule of air management.
6) ___ Have your 2nd portable radio; monitor both the Division Tac and Command Channel once established.
7) ___ Request regular "CAN Reports" from all companies operating in the Division.
8) ___ Keep the equipment cache away from the immediate Division working area; crews limit conversation while "on deck."
9) ___ Coordinate with **Lobby/Systems** to improve smoke conditions in and around the fire floor.
10) ___ Fully brief the Battalion Chief arriving to assume **Division**; stay on as Aide to the BC.

5th Arriving Engine, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Engineer to drop crew off at "single point of entry" and park the apparatus at that point.
- Engineer to turn on scene lights to mark the single point of entry.
- Engineer reports to **Lobby** and establishes **OTIS 3** as needed, carrying a Halligan, SCBA, portable radio and one extra SCBA bottle.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Cell Phone, High Rise Bag, Gated Wye, 2 lengths 2 ½" with pigtail and nozzle, 4 air bottles, Halligan, TIC.
2) ___ All equipment brought up by the company to be staged outside the fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire.
3) ___ Crew acts as the replacement crew to maintain the Fire Attack Team.
4) ___ Notify **Stairwell Control** prior to entering the IDLH.
5) ___ Conserve air supply prior to entering the IDLH and maintain Fire Attack.
6) ___ First priority is to relieve the FA crew as necessary to maintain the primary attack line. Secondary priority is to connect an additional line in case of failure of the primary line, or if the primary needs to be replaced with a longer line.

6th Arriving Engine, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Engineer to drop crew off at "single point of entry" and park as directed.
- Engineer reports to **Lobby** and establishes **OTIS 4** as needed, carrying a Halligan, SCBA, portable radio and one extra SCBA bottle.
- Crew to assist with the primary fire attack line.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Cell Phone, High Rise Bag, Gated Wye, 2 lengths 2 ½" with nozzle and 3" pigtail, 4 air bottles, Halligan, TIC.
2) ___ All equipment brought up by the company to be staged outside the fire attack stairwell one floor below the fire.
3) ___ Assist with the primary fire attack line as directed by Division.
4) ___ Mask up on the floor below the fire; notify **Stairwell Control** prior to entering the IDLH.
5) ___ Conserve air supply; work through 2 SCBA bottles before entering rehab.

1st Arriving Truck, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Truck placement should be based on factors such as fire location, age of building, type of occupancy, and conditions upon arrival.
- Engineer to spot the Truck as directed and accompany the crew inside unless otherwise directed by the Captain. In most cases the Engineer will be utilized most effectively by staying with the crew.
- Crew to use the designated single point of entry and assist the 2nd / 3rd arriving Engines with Fire Attack/Investigation.
- Determine and announce the staging location two floors below the fire.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment (determined by building construction/obstructions): Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Z-hooks, Hydra-Ram, TIC, Water Can.
2) ___ Captain to determine a safe location for staging (2 floors below the fire) and notify Command via radio.
3) ___ Crew to stage extra equipment one floor below the fire outside the stairwell.
4) ___ Conduct a quick recon of the floor below the fire, then use the search bag if appropriate to locate and confine the seat of the fire. Voice the location of the fire for Command and direct the Engine crew to it.
5) ___ Post company identifiers on the LAS at the entry point and remove upon exit. Do not split crews on a search rope; avoid extending LAS lines.
6) ___ 1st and 2nd Truck search for fire on the fire floor in different directions.
7) ___ Priorities are Investigation, locate/confine fire, rescue. **The Truck's primary function is not to move hose.**
8) ___ Notify **Stairwell Control**, or Command if Stairwell Control is not yet established, prior to entering the IDLH.

2nd Arriving Truck, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Truck placement should be based on factors such as fire location, age of building, type of occupancy, and conditions upon arrival.
- Engineer to spot the Truck as directed and accompany the crew inside unless otherwise directed by the Captain.
- Crew to use the designated single point of entry and back up the 1st arriving Truck with Fire Attack/Investigation.
- RIC Pack staged on the Division floor.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Z-hooks, Hydra-Ram, Battery/Electric Blower, TIC, Water Can, RIC Pack, 6 SCBA Bottles.
2) ___ Deliver the battery/electric blower to the lobby. For non-pressurized stairwells, initiate pressurization of the fire attack stairwell.
3) ___ Stage the RIC Pack on the Division floor; stage extra equipment one floor below the fire outside the stairwell.
4) ___ Conduct a quick recon of the floor below the fire. Monitor the Tac Channel and back up the 1st arriving Truck.
5) ___ 1st and 2nd Truck search for fire on the fire floor in different directions.
6) ___ Post company identifiers on the LAS at the entry point and remove upon exit.
7) ___ Priorities are Investigation, locate/confine fire, rescue. **The Truck's primary function is not to move hose.**
8) ___ Notify **Stairwell Control** prior to entering the IDLH.

3rd Arriving Truck, First Alarm Checklist

(Rapid Ascent Team 1 — RAT 1)

Priorities:

- Park apparatus away from the building and enter the designated "single point of entry."
- Company will assume **Rapid Ascent Team 1 (RAT 1)**. RAT 1 & 2 report to the **Evacuation Group** once established (3rd BC). (Once established, the Evacuation Group will roll over to a separate Tac Channel.)
- For fires above the sixth floor, OTIS 1 and 2 should be used until RAT operations are complete. RAT 1 should be transported a minimum of three floors below the reported fire.
- **Tactical priority is stairwell pressurization, not ventilation.**
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Hydra-Ram, Battery/Electric Blower, TIC, 6 SCBA Bottles, **CO monitor**.
2) ___ Place the battery/electric blower in the fire attack stairwell doorway three floors below the fire floor (1 floor below the staging floor), 2–4 feet from the doorway. Initiate pressurization. Ensure doors are closed to maintain effective pressurization; avoid chocking doors open.
3) ___ Use the fire attack stairwell to access the top of the stairwell. Clear the stairwell while ascending to the top floor, then descend back to the floor above the fire and work back to the top, floor by floor.
4) ___ Ensure stairwell doors are kept shut and the locking mechanism is disabled.
5) ___ Escort civilians out of the attack stairwell and relocate them to a safe area; notify the **Evacuation Group Supervisor** of the location.
6) ___ Cache equipment one floor above the fire, outside the fire attack stairwell, if safe to do so.
7) ___ Continuously monitor CO in the stairwell. Report conditions on the floor above the fire and on the top floor.
8) ___ Coordinate with RAT 2 for floor searches.
9) ___ **Ventilation** of the fire attack stairwell is coordinated through the **Evacuation Group Supervisor**.
10) ___ Maintain control of the fire attack stairwell until relieved or reassigned by the Evacuation Group Supervisor.

4th Arriving Truck, First Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Park apparatus away from the building and enter the designated "single point of entry."
- Deliver a battery/electric blower to the Evacuation stairwell ground floor.
- Crew to back up the 1st and 2nd arriving Trucks with Fire Attack/Investigation on the fire floor.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Z-hooks, Hydra-Ram, Battery/Electric Blower, TIC, Water Can, 6 SCBA Bottles.
2) ___ Deliver the battery/electric blower to the Evacuation stairwell ground floor. When needed, initiate pressurization.
3) ___ Crew to stage extra equipment one floor below the fire outside the stairwell.
4) ___ Conduct a quick recon of the floor below the fire. Monitor the Tac Channel and back up the 1st and 2nd arriving Trucks.
5) ___ Post company identifiers on the LAS at the entry point and remove upon exit.
6) ___ Notify **Stairwell Control** prior to entering the IDLH.

1st Assigned Engine, Second Alarm Checklist

(Staging Area Manager)

Priorities:

- The entire second alarm assignment reports to Staging a minimum of two floors below the fire. **Predesignated staging channel is H11.**
- First Engine Company on the dispatch "Pick List" will assume and continue as **Staging Area Manager**, to include the initial Roll Call on the Staging Channel en route.
- Captain to assume **Staging Area Manager** upon arrival two floors below the fire floor and assign firefighters to assist with Staging duties. All additional Staging resources ordered through **IC/Operations**.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: 2nd radio, Cell Phone, 4 spare air bottles, high rise bag, electronic accountability tracking system, caution tape, EMS/rehab equipment (medical bag/EKG/O2).
2) ___ Re-evaluate the Staging area: normally designated by the first arriving Truck, but it should be 2 or more floors below the fire floor to be out of any IDLH environment. Any location change must be voiced over the radio and confirmed by IC.
3) ___ Designate separate areas for Rehab, Crew Ready, and Equipment (full/empty bottles). Keep engine, truck, and rehab equipment separate. Post signs for the Attack Stairwell, Evacuation Stairwell, etc.
4) ___ Maintain accountability of all companies arriving into or leaving Staging, and of crews committed from Staging, using the **electronic accountability tracking system**. Monitor both the Staging Channel (H11) and the Command Channel (H4) — 2 radios required.
5) ___ Turn individual crew member radios down in Staging.
6) ___ Provide **RAT 2** with its tactical channel **by radio** — RAT 2 does not report to the Staging area.
7) ___ Direct crews and equipment to designated locations as requested by Operations/Command. Confirm crews assigned from Staging are on the correct Tac channel and know who they report to.
8) ___ The 4th arriving BC will establish **Resource Unit Leader** in Staging; the 1st engine on the 2nd alarm remains **Staging Area Manager**.

Additional Arriving Engines, Second Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Come up on the **Staging Channel (H11)** for Roll Call en route. Stay on this channel until directed otherwise by the Staging Area Manager.
- Park away from the building in the area designated by IC and confirmed on the Staging Channel.
- Make entry to the building at the designated "Single Point of Entry" with your crew.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: 4 spare air bottles, 100' of 2 ½" hose, TIC, Cell Phone.
2) ___ Proceed to the Staging Area (normally 2 floors below the fire floor). Stay on and monitor the Staging Channel.
3) ___ Turn individual radios down in Staging; confirm radio channel(s) prior to deploying to an assignment.

1st Arriving Truck, Second Alarm Checklist

(Rapid Ascent Team 2 — RAT 2)

Priorities:

- Park apparatus away from the building and enter the designated "single point of entry."
- Company will assume **Rapid Ascent Team 2 (RAT 2)**. RAT 1 & 2 report to the **Evacuation Group** once established (3rd BC). (Once established, the Evacuation Group will roll over to a separate Tac Channel.) **Contact Staging by radio for the tactical channel; do not report to the Staging area.**
- Should be transported a minimum of three floors below the reported fire floor.
- **Tactical priority is stairwell pressurization, not ventilation.**
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Hydra-Ram, Battery/Electric Blower, TIC, 6 SCBA Bottles, **CO monitor**.
2) ___ Place the battery/electric blower in the Evacuation stairwell doorway three floors below the fire floor (1 floor below the staging floor), 2–4 feet from the doorway. Initiate pressurization. Ensure doors are closed to maintain effective pressurization; avoid chocking doors open.
3) ___ Use the Evacuation stairwell to access the top of the stairwell. Initiate a search of the stairwell; ensure stairwell doors are kept closed as much as practical and the locking mechanism is disabled.
4) ___ Direct civilians down the evacuation stairwell to a safe area; notify the **Evacuation Group Supervisor** of any persons needing to be sheltered in place and their location.
5) ___ Cache equipment one floor above the fire, outside the Evacuation stairwell, if safe to do so.
6) ___ Continuously monitor CO in the stairwell. Report conditions on the floor above the fire and on the top floor.
7) ___ Coordinate with RAT 1 for floor searches.
8) ___ **Ventilation** of the Evacuation stairwell is coordinated through the **Evacuation Group Supervisor**.
9) ___ Maintain control of the Evacuation stairwell until relieved or reassigned by the Evacuation Group Supervisor.

2nd Arriving Truck, Second Alarm Checklist

(Rapid Intervention Crew — RIC)

Priorities:

- Park apparatus away from the building and enter the designated "single point of entry." Deliver a battery/electric blower to the Fire Attack stairwell ground floor.
- Company will assume the **Rapid Intervention Crew (RIC)**. RIC stages one floor below the fire floor, near the Division Supervisor.
- Check in with **Staging** by radio and obtain your tactical channel when assuming RIC.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, RIC Pack, Iron Package, Search Bag, Hydra-Ram, Battery/Electric Blower, TIC, Circ Saw, Box Light, 6 SCBA Bottles.
2) ___ Deliver the battery/electric blower to the Fire Attack stairwell ground floor. Place in sequence with the first Fire Attack blower.
3) ___ Check in with Staging by radio upon assuming RIC and obtain your tactical channel.
4) ___ Stage one floor below the fire near the Division Supervisor unless directed otherwise by Command. Coordinate with the Division Supervisor to gather situational awareness.
5) ___ RIC Officer to get a run-down from Operations/Division as to the location of all companies operating in the IDLH.
6) ___ RIC crew to perform recon of the floor below the fire to determine possible access/egress points and to get a comprehensive look at the floor layout.
7) ___ Once a **RIC Group Supervisor** is assigned, establish communications; that supervisor notifies the Division Group Supervisor when RIC is assembled and deployable.
8) ___ Monitor the Command and Tac Channels, keying into radio traffic that might indicate early signs of distress or disorientation by an individual or crew.

3rd Arriving Truck, Second Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Park apparatus away from the building and enter the designated "single point of entry." Deliver a battery/electric blower to the Evacuation stairwell ground floor.
- Use salvage equipment to **protect the elevators on the fire floor**.
- Working in Division's territory — **contact Division on the Division tac**.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Hydra-Ram, Battery/Electric Blower, TIC, 6 SCBA Bottles, Salvage Covers, RIC Pack.
2) ___ Deliver the battery/electric blower to the base of the Evacuation stairwell. Place in sequence with the first Evac blower. Delivery is complete once the blower is in position — **Lobby/Systems and RAT coordinate pressurization**.
3) ___ Contact **Division** on the Division tac, and notify **Stairwell Control** prior to entering the fire floor.
4) ___ Use salvage covers to protect the elevators and elevator shafts on the fire floor.
5) ___ When elevator protection is complete, report to **Staging** and stay on the Staging Channel (H11) unless directed otherwise by the **Staging Area Manager**.

4th Arriving Truck, Second Alarm Checklist

Priorities:

- Park apparatus away from the building and enter the designated "single point of entry." Stay on the Staging Channel (H11).
- Report to Staging.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Equipment: Keys, Iron Package, Search Bag, Hydra-Ram, TIC, 6 SCBA Bottles, Salvage Covers.
2) ___ Report to **Staging** for assignment and stay on the Staging Channel unless directed otherwise by the **Staging Area Manager**.

1st Assigned Engine, Third Alarm Checklist

(Base Manager)

Priorities:

- First Engine Company on the dispatch "Pick List" will assume and continue as **Base Manager**, to include the initial Roll Call on the Base Channel en route to the incident (a different channel from the Staging Channel — request a dedicated channel from dispatch if necessary).
- Captain to assume **Base Manager** upon arrival. Request the location en route from **IC** if necessary. **Base Manager** reports to the **Logistics Section Chief** if that position is filled; all additional Base resources are ordered through **IC/Logistics**.
- Crew assignments — **Captain:** Base Manager, working from the Command Post as resource tracking for Base. **FF 1:** scribe to the Base Manager. **Engineer:** Base area manager. **FF 2:** check-in recorder.
- If the designated Base location needs to be changed, request direction from IC/Logistics Section Chief.

Check List:

1) ___ Using two different radios, monitor both the Base Channel and the Command Channel.
2) ___ Establish functional areas within Base for apparatus parking, crew ready area, equipment pool, rehab, etc.
3) ___ Position the entire third alarm assignment's apparatus in the same Command-designated location as the Second Alarm.
4) ___ Provide for safety, security, and traffic control at Base. Anticipate equipment and personnel needs and keep an appropriate level of each in Base at all times, as directed by IC/Logistics Section Chief.
5) ___ Maintain accountability of all personnel arriving into or leaving Base.
6) ___ Direct crews and equipment to designated locations as requested by Command/Logistics. Confirm that crews assigned from Base are on the correct Tac channel and know who they report to.

3rd Alarm / Additional Alarms Checklist

Priorities:

- Come up on the **Base Channel** (a different channel than the Staging Channel used by 2nd alarm companies) for Roll Call en route. The First Engine on the "Pick List" is responsible for Roll Call and assumption of **Base Manager** upon arrival. All companies stay on the Base Channel unless directed otherwise by the Base Manager.
- Park away from the building in the area designated by IC and confirmed on the Base Channel. Make entry to the building at the "Designated Point of Entry" when directed.
- Additional alarms mirror first alarm assignments, with the addition of an air unit.
- Stairwell access for alarms below the 7th floor; OTIS to transport via elevator for alarms on the 7th floor and above **if safe to use**.

Check List:

1) ___ Minimum Engine Equipment: 100' of 2 ½" hose, TIC, 4 air bottles.
2) ___ Minimum Truck Equipment: TIC, Iron Package, Hydra-Ram, Search Bag, 6 spare air bottles, 2 salvage covers.
3) ___ Battery/electric blowers to be brought into the lobby area by the Engineer. Place blowers where needed to maintain stairwell pressurization. When two are used, place them side by side, 2–4' from the door, angled up and toward the center of the door to the stairwell.
4) ___ Report to **Base** and stay on the Base Channel unless directed otherwise by the **Base Manager**. Companies are normally released from Base to **Staging**.
5) ___ When receiving an assignment from the Base Manager, confirm the new Tac Channel and who you are reporting to.

Appendix

HIGH RISE REGIONAL SOG - QUICK REFERENCE 2026

Partial First Alarm Assignment

•Three Engines •One Truck •One Battalion Chief

Full First Alarm Assignment

•Six Engines •Four Trucks •Three Battalion Chiefs •One AC •Two Medics •EMS Officer

Additional Alarms

•Additional alarms mirror first alarm assignments with the addition of an air unit

Communications - H Bank assigned; H4 command, H6 tactical, H11 staging (F or G Bank if H is in use)

First Engine-First Alarm

Size-up and establish Lobby/Systems/Command; identify, secure, and announce single point of entry, fire attack and evacuation stairwells; connect to FDC; establish OTIS 1 and 2

Second Engine-First Alarm

Take fire attack or investigate; confirm fire attack stairwell; lay supply line to first-due engine

Third Engine-First Alarm

Assist with fire attack or investigation; establish sprinkler or combination system connections

-Four air bottles; stage equipment outside fire attack stairwell one floor below fire

Fourth Engine-First Alarm

Establish Division one floor below fire; firefighters take Stairwell Control, Floor Boss

-Engineer lays supply line for the third-due engine; Captain remains Division Aide

Fifth Engine-First Alarm

Assist with primary fire attack line; Engineer parks at single point of entry, assumes OTIS 3

Sixth Engine-First Alarm - Assist with primary fire attack line; Engineer assumes OTIS 4

First Truck-First Alarm

Spot truck appropriately and announce location; assist with fire attack or investigation; determine and announce staging two floors below the fire

Second Truck-First Alarm

•Spot truck appropriately and announce location; assist operations on the fire floor

•Deliver blower to the lobby; for non-pressurized stairwells, pressurize the fire attack stairwell

•RIC pack staged on Division floor; first and second trucks search fire floor in different directions

Third Truck First Alarm

•Establish RAT 1; six SCBA bottles and CO monitor

•Place blower in the fire attack stairwell three floors below the fire and initiate pressurization

•Transport a minimum of three floors below the fire; priority is pressurization, not ventilation

Fourth Truck First Alarm

Spot truck and announce location; assist on fire floor; blower to evacuation stairwell

First Battalion Chief-First Alarm

•Establish and/or assume Command

•ICP a safe distance from the building, not blocking apparatus; command vehicles rear to rear

•If appropriate, request second alarm, identify parking, implement communications plan

•Prepare for a third alarm, establish incident Base

Second Battalion Chief-First Alarm

•Assume Division Supervisor from the fourth due engine captain on the fire floor

•Confirm assigned resources and tactical channels

•Announce assumption of Division Supervisor once on the fire floor

Third Battalion Chief-First Alarm - Establish Evacuation Group Supervisor at the ICP

•Confirm assigned resources and tactical channels; RAT 1 and 2 report to Evacuation Group

First Ambulance-First Alarm

Park away, report to lobby with medical equipment; establish Medical Group Supervisor

Second Ambulance-First Alarm - Park away and report to the Medical Group Supervisor

EMS Officer - Report to the lobby and establish/assume Medical Group Supervisor

Second Alarm Assignment –

Entire second-alarm assignment reports to Staging two floors below fire. Channel H11.

First Engine-Second Alarm

Establish Staging Area Manager- Four SCBA bottles, tablet, caution tape, high rise bag, EMS gear

-Remaining engines- 100’ of 2 ½” hose and four SCBA bottles

First Truck-Second Alarm

Establish RAT 2; blower in evac stairwell three floors below fire; report to Evac Group

Second Truck-Second Alarm - Establish RIC one floor below fire; coordinate with Division

Third Truck-Second Alarm

Coordinate evac stairwell pressurization; salvage covers to protect the elevators

Fourth Truck-Second Alarm - Report to Staging

Third Alarm Assignment

Establish Base. Additional Considerations

•Assign additional Tac channel for Base due to separation of “Staging” and “Base”

•First engine on third alarm conducts Base roll call, establishes Base as designated by IC

•Third alarm parks apparatus in same Command-designated location as the Second Alarm

•Captain and FF 1 report to Command Post; Engineer and FF 2 manage Base

Battalion Chief Assignments through 3rd Alarm

•1st Battalion Chief-Incident Commander

•2nd Battalion Chief-Fire Floor Division Supervisor

•3rd Battalion Chief-Evacuation Group Supervisor

•4th Battalion Chief-Resource Unit Leader (Staging area)

•5th Battalion Chief-Aide to Division or an additional Division

•1st Assistant Chief-assumes Incident Commander; initial IC assumes Operations

Additional Chiefs- Assign as Needed, No Set Order

•RIC Group Supervisor •Deputy Incident Commander •Safety Officer

•Logistics for Lobby/Systems/Base •Aide to Operations •Additional Division/Group Supervisors

Signatures

The undersigned Fire Chiefs approve the contents of this document

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City of Sacramento Fire Department

Tyler Wagaman (Oct 15, 2026 11:16:30 PDT)

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